



July 5, 2017

[Grantwriter course to start July 31, 2017](#)

J. S. JOB

BE A SUCCESSFUL GRANTSWRITER! Enhance your academic potential and professional marketability by enrolling in this practical, skills-oriented, **5-week, fully-ONLINE course, STAT 515 Grant and Contract Proposal Writing (3 Units)** offered during Summer Quarter, **July 31, 2017 – September 6, 2017.** By preparing a research or program/service proposal in class which could be potentially submitted to a funding agency, you will learn key grantsmanship techniques that work. For more information contact J. S. Job, MD, DrPH (jjob@llu.edu). Employees: please check with Human Resource Management for tuition benefits. Registration is from May 30 to July 27, 2017.

This module-based course:

Presents an overview of the basic principles and practice of successful grantsmanship both from a research and programmatic perspective;

Provides a comprehensive understanding of the different processes, structures, factors and essential skills required when developing competitive proposals that are funded;

Describes the various key elements involved in proposal preparation such as identifying potential funding resources (government and private/foundations), formulating objectives, determining appropriate project/research design and evaluation methods, building budgets and sustainability plans, and understanding the grant review process.

[IRB: New Protocol Template for NIH-FDA Phase 2 and 3 IND/IDE Clinical Trials](#)

RESEARCH PROTECTION PROGRAMS

This new clinical trial template (See IRB [Toolkit](#) for Investigators) will assist NIH-funded investigators with preparing protocols conducted under Food and Drug Administration's Investigational New Drug (IND) or Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) Application. This

tool will help both IRBs and the FDA perform speedy reviews. NIH has also released a web-based [Electronic Protocol Writing Tool](#) that investigators can use to form a “protocol writing team” composed of different individuals to write and review documents. Call Research Protection Programs at x44531 if you have any questions.

Funding Opportunities

CINDY DICKSON

Funding Opportunities

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED MEDICAL RESEARCH PROGRAMS (CDMRP)

All pre-applications must be submitted electronically to the Electronic Biomedical Research Application Portal (eBRAP) <https://ebrap.org>. Full applications must be submitted electronically to the Grants.gov website <http://grants.gov>.

For more information visit: <http://cdmrp.army.mil/funding/prgdefault>

Interested in applying contact Cindy Dickson, x44571 or cdickson@llu.edu

May/June NIH Update: New NIH Grant Tutorials; Getting to Know Federal Research Funders; Your Biomedical Workforce Feedback; Biosafety Policy Workshop

NIH

Following Up on Your Feedback on How to Strengthen the Biomedical Research Workforce

Posted on [June 5, 2017](#) by [Mike Lauer](#)

We appreciate the many thoughtful comments posted to the blog about working together to improve NIH funding support for early- and mid-career investigators to stabilize the biomedical workforce and research enterprise using a measure called the Grant Support Index (GSI). Some clear themes have emerged, including: [Continue reading →](#)

Getting to Know Federal Funders and their Research Interests

Posted on [June 6, 2017](#) by [Mike Lauer](#)

Working with NIH applicants and awardees as an extramural program division director, I often shared the NIH RePORTER resource as a tool for exploring the research topics NIH supports. Learning what projects we support, using a robust database of historical and newly-funded projects (updated weekly), provides researchers valuable insight as they consider developing their own research programs and applications for funding. Another valuable tool which you might be familiar with is Federal RePORTER, which expands the RePORTER concept to support searching over 800,000 projects across 17 Federal research agencies, with trans-agency data updated annually. As Federal RePORTER recently received an update to introduce some new functions and additional agency data we'd like to highlight some of the ways it helps both the public and scientific researchers alike [Continue reading →](#)

Top Stories

[Issued Patent Citations Will Be Accepted As Post-Submission Application Materials](#)

NIH recently updated its policy for what materials will be accepted as post-submission application materials. Beginning with applications submitted for due dates on or after September 25, 2017, citations of newly issued patents can be included in post-submission materials. The NIH post-submission materials policy allows grant applicants to submit limited information [Continue reading →](#)

New Resources

[New Tutorials on Preparing and Submitting Your NIH Grant Application](#)

New to the NIH grant process? Ever wish someone would explain and walk you through applying for NIH grants step by step? If so, we hope our newest resource will be the next best thing to joining you for an in-person lesson. [Continue reading →](#)

You Ask, We Answer

[What Are “Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources” That Should Be Addressed In My Application’s Authentication Plan?](#)

The quality of resources used to conduct research is critical to the ability to reproduce the results, so to address scientific rigor in your NIH application, we ask you to include an authentication plan. Key resources refer to established resources that will be used in the proposed research. Key biological and/or chemical resources include, but are not limited to, cell lines, specialty chemicals, antibodies and other biologics. Key biological and/or chemical resources may or may not have been generated with NIH funds and: [Continue reading →](#)

What Kind of Information Should I Include in the “Authentication of Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources” Attachment?

Applicants proposing to use established key biological and/or chemical resources are expected to include an authentication plan in the “Authentication of Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources” attachment, even if the key resources were purchased or obtained from an outside source that provided data on prior authentication. The authentication plan must include only a description of the methods proposed to authenticate key resources prior to use and at regular intervals, if appropriate. The plan should be no more than one page. Key resources and the methods for authentication will vary by research field. For example, [Continue reading →](#)