Loma Linda University School of Medicine Competencies Year 4

Patient Care - Students must be able to provide patient care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health in the context of whole person care.

PC 1-g Obtain focused pertinent history in urgent and emergent settings

PC 1-h Identify and use alternate sources of information to obtain history when needed

PC 1-i Gather complete and focused histories in an organized fashion, appropriate to the clinical situation and specific population

Pc 2-h Conduct relevant, complete and focused physical examinations

PC 3-e Synthesize and present relevant clinical information with a prioritized differential diagnosis and plan appropriate to the setting and audience efficiently and accurately

PC 4-f Document encounters including reporting of information and development of a prioritized assessment and plan efficiently and accurately

PC 5-d Demonstrate the ability to perform the skills outlined in the School's Red Book

PC 5-e Explain components of informed consent (sub-I)

PC 6-c With appropriate supervision, manage patients with acute and chronic illness in inpatient and ambulatory environments PC 6-i Manage multiple complex patients simultaneously at the level of an intern

PC 6-j Recognize life threatening emergencies and know appropriate initial interventions

PC 6-k Conduct discharge planning and individualized disease management and/or prevention plans, including behavioral change PC 6-I Communicate sign-out effectively

PC 6-h Explore the application of clinical and translational research during journal club sessions

PC 7-f Integrate psychosocial care and patients' spiritual beliefs and resources into ongoing treatment and discharge plans

PC 7-g Collaborate with staff, family, pastoral care and other members of the healthcare team to address patients' spiritual care

Medical Knowledge - Students must demonstrate the ability to effectively source and validate medical information, possess an adequate foundation of basic science knowledge, and apply this knowledge and information to the care of patients using clinical reasoning and problem solving skills.

Each student must meet all of the medical knowledge competencies before being promoted to their Senior year.

MK 1-e Comprehend the established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological social and behavioral sciences (graduate) MK 2-b Explain the important non-biological determinants of poor health and the economic, psychological, social, and cultural factors that contribute to the development and/or persistence of medical illness

MK 2-c Evaluate the health, demographic and socioeconomic characteristics of a medically underserved population

MK 2-d Engage in effective interventions for health promotion and disease prevention

MK 3-b Apply theories and principles that govern ethical decision-making and human values in patient care

MK 3-c Comprehend the major ethical dilemmas in medicine

MK 3-d Apply theories and principles that govern ethical decision-making and the major ethical dilemmas in medicine to the ethical complications encountered on each of the required clerkships

MK 4-b Retrieve biomedical and clinical science information from electronic databases and other resources

MK 4-c Critically appraise biomedical and clinical science information

MK 5-f Use medical knowledge and clinical reasoning skills to evaluate diagnose and manage high fidelity, simulated patients encountered during the intensive care and emergency medicine clerkships

MK 5-g Use medical knowledge and clinical reasoning skills to effectively evaluate and manage hospitalized patients during a subinternship rotation

MK 5-h Apply medical knowledge and clinical reasoning to effectively evaluate and manage patients subjected to the effects a critical event

Professionalism - Students must demonstrate professional behaviors, attitudes and beliefs that allow patients, colleagues, members of the healthcare team and society to approach each physician encounter with an expectation of trustworthiness.

PROF 1-a Consistently present self in an appropriate manner (e.g., dress, hygiene, language, behavior)

PROF 1-b Optimize personal wholeness by proactively addressing health, behavioral, psychological, physical limitations and/or biases (e.g., gender, cultural) that may interfere with learning and patient care

PROF 1-c Demonstrate respect for teachers and the educational process through adequate preparation, active participation, punctuality and timely completion requirements

PROF 1-d Communicate accurately and truthfully

PROF 1-e Embrace feedback regarding non-cognitive achievement and seek to improve behaviors related to the feedback

PROF 1-f Be responsive to patient needs that supersede self-interest while recognizing the need for personal wholeness

PROF 1-g Honestly acknowledge errors including in clinical situations (e.g. M&M)

PROF 1-h Adhere to basic bio-ethical principles and human values in caring for patients and in relating to patient's families and others involved in patient care

PROF 1-i Demonstrate honest, and ethical behavior with integrity in required professional activities

PROF 2-a Demonstrate compassion and empathy to others

PROF 2-b Treat others with respect

PROF 2-c Respectfully address differences of opinion with others while continuing a professional relationship with the individual with whom the student disagrees

PROF 2-d Maintain appropriate relationships and boundaries with others

PROF 2-e Maintain patient, research subject and student confidentiality, where applicable

PROF 2-f Provide whole person support to patients and their families (physical, educational, social, psychological and spiritual)

PROF 2-g Treat patients with dignity, civility and respect regardless of their race, culture, gender, ethnicity, age, socioeconomic status, disability, or sexual orientation

PROF 2-h Manage conflict and respect patients' autonomy when their values differ from one's own

PROF 2-i Advocate for individual patient needs

PROF 3-a Communicate constructive feedback to colleagues (e.g., peer-peer evaluations of teamwork)

PROF 3-c Comply with institutional requirements and regulatory and professional standards

PROF 3-d Recognize health disparities

PROF 3-e Recognize unprofessional behaviors and misconduct in colleagues and seek advice to carry out a sensitive and ethically appropriate response

PROF 3-f Intentionally seek opportunities to be helpful to the clinical team, including maintaining prompt and appropriate accessibility PROF 3-g Demonstrate awareness of the responsibility to promote health at the societal level.

Systems-based Practice -Students must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources, including interprofessional teams, in the system to provide optimal health care.

SBP 1-b Demonstrate awareness of responsibility to promote health at the patient and societal level

SBP 1-c Experience systems infrastructure to provide quality care to patients as part of health care team

SBP 1-d Describe basic health policy concepts of access, cost, and resource allocation

SBP 1-e Incorporate knowledge about systems to develop discharge plan for patients

SBP 2-a Engage in systems-level approaches to assess and improve quality of patient care including patient satisfaction, costeffectiveness and clinical outcomes

SBP 2-b Understand medical errors in the care of patients and develop tactics to correct, communicate, and prevent them SBP 2-c Begin to learn how to assess systems and improve healthcare

SB 3-b Collaborate with healthcare professionals, including those from other disciplines, to provide patient-focused care

SB 3-c Collaborate respectfully with all members of the interprofessional team

Practice-based Learning& Improvement-Students must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning.

PBL 1-c Apply the principles and methods of EBM to acquire, appraise, and assimilate new basic biomedical science and clinical information in direct patient care settings.

PBL 1-d Use and value advances in information technology to access evidence at the point of care and to optimize patient care.

PBL 1-e Integrate new information into the practice of medicine while considering the values, preferences and expectations of the patients for whom they are responsible.

PBL 2-d Actively seek formative and summative assessment from supervisors and other members of the health care team.

PBL 2-e Acknowledges personal limitations in one's own knowledge skills, and judgment.

PBL 2-f Use feedback and practice improvement data to reflect and set specific learning goals for self-improvement in the clinical setting. PBL 2-g Participates in the education of patients, families, peers and other health professionals.

PBL 3-a Know the key principles of quality improvement and explain their importance to patient safety and quality of care

PBL 3-b Engage in the process of continuous quality improvement during clinical rotations.

PBL 3-c Apply the principles of quality improvement to assess and improve clinical performance and patient safety

Interpersonal & Communication Skills - Students must be able to demonstrate culturally sensitive interpersonal and communication skills that result in effective information exchange and teaming with patients, their families, and professional associates.

ICS 1-d Establish collaborative and constructive relationships with patients and families, and colleagues

ICS 2-c Demonstrate effective verbal and non-verbal communication skills to elicit patients' perspectives of illness and agenda without bias ICS 3-c Communicate effectively with patients and families of diverse backgrounds and cultures, including engaging in collaborative diagnostic and treatment planning and exploring potential obstacles to the execution of plans

ICS 4-e Present and document patient information in an organized, accurate and logical fashion, using a problem-based approach and distilling relevant information into an assessment and plan in a variety of settings

ICS 5-c Communicate effectively and respectfully with all members of the interprofessional team in a variety of settings, hand-offs and transitions of care

Whole Person Care - Through the study and application of whole person care, students will develop knowledge of wholeness that can be applied to their personal and professional lives and the care of patients.

WP 1-b Use the LLU model of whole person care and the LLU spiritual history in patient care WP 2-c Demonstrate personal wholeness

Last Edited 3/28/2017